

**Military Funeral Honors:** The rendering of Military Funeral Honors for an eligible veteran, free of charge, is mandated by law. An honor guard detail for the burial of an eligible veteran shall consist of not less than two members of the Armed Forces. One member of the detail shall be a representative of the parent Service of the deceased veteran. The honor detail will, at a minimum, perform a ceremony that includes the folding and presenting of the American flag to the next of kin and the playing of Taps. When available taps will be played by a bugler, however there are so few buglers available that the military services may choose to provide an electronic recording of taps. The veteran's parent Service representative will present the flag.

**Funeral Honors Eligibility:** \*\*Military members on active duty or in the Selected Reserve. \*\*Former military members who served on active duty and departed under conditions other than dishonorable. \*\*Former military members who completed at least one term of enlistment or period of initial obligated service in the Selected Reserve and departed under conditions other than dishonorable. \*\*Former military members discharged from the Selected Reserve due to a disability incurred or aggravated in the line of duty.

**Verifying Eligibility:** The preferred method for verifying eligibility is the DD Form 214, Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty. If the DD Form 214 is not available, any discharge document showing other than dishonorable service can be used. The DD Form 214 may be obtained by filling out a Standard Form 180 and sending it to:

National Personnel Records Center(NPRC), 9700 Page Blvd., St. Louis, MO 63132.

The Standard Form 180 may be obtained from the National Records Center or via the Internet at:

<http://www.archives.gov/research/order/standard-form-180.pdf>. (or you may contact me for a form).

**Requesting Military Funeral Honors:** Families of eligible veterans request funeral honors through their funeral director. The funeral director will contact the appropriate Military Service to arrange for the funeral honors detail.

**VA National Cemetery Burial Eligibility:** VA national cemetery directors have the primary responsibility for verifying eligibility for burial in VA national cemeteries. A determination of eligibility is usually made in response to a request for burial in a VA national cemetery. VA Regional Offices will also assist in determining eligibility for burial in a VA national cemetery. The toll-free number for the nearest VA Regional Office is 1-800-827-1000. The VA burial is broken down into the following groups: \*\*Veterans and Members of the Armed Forces, \*\*Members of Reserve Components and Reserve Officers' Training Corps, \*\*Commissioned Officers, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, \*\*Public Health Service, \*\*World War II Merchant Mariners, \*\*The Philippine Armed Forces, \*\*Spouses and Dependents, \*\*Others, \*\*Persons NOT Eligible for Burial in a VA National Cemetery

**Veterans and Members of the Armed Forces:** (Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard) Any member of the Armed Forces of the United States who dies on active duty. \*\*Any veteran who was discharged under conditions other than dishonorable. With certain exceptions, service beginning after September 7, 1980, as an enlisted person, and service after October 16, 1981, as an officer, must be for a minimum of 24 continuous months or the full period for which the person was called to active duty (as in the case of a Reservist called to active duty for a limited duration). Undesirable, bad conduct, and any other type of discharge other than honorable may or may not qualify the individual for veterans benefits, depending upon a determination made by a VA Regional Office. Cases presenting multiple discharges of varying character are also referred for adjudication to a VA Regional Office. \*\*Any citizen of the United States who, during any war in which the United States has or may be engaged, served in the Armed Forces of any Government allied with the United States during that war, whose last active service was terminated honorably by death or otherwise, and who was a citizen of the United States at the time of entry into such service and at the time of death.

**Members of Reserve Components and Reserve Officers' Training Corps:** Reservists and National Guard members who, at time of death, were entitled to retired pay under Chapter 1223, title 10, United States Code, or would have been entitled, but for being under the age of 60. Specific categories of individuals eligible for retired pay are delineated in section 12731 of Chapter 1223, title 10, United States Code. \*\*Members of reserve components, and members of the Army National Guard or the Air National Guard, who die while hospitalized or undergoing treatment at the expense of the United States for injury or disease contracted or incurred under honorable conditions while performing active duty for training or inactive duty training, or undergoing such hospitalization or treatment.

\*\*Members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps of the Army, Navy, or Air Force who die under honorable conditions while attending an authorized training camp or on an authorized cruise, while performing authorized travel to or from that camp or cruise, or while hospitalized or undergoing treatment at the expense of the United States for injury or disease contracted or incurred under honorable conditions while engaged in one of those activities. \*\*Members of reserve components who, during a period of active duty for training, were disabled or died from a disease or injury incurred or aggravated in line of duty or, during a period of inactive duty training, were disabled or died from an injury or certain cardiovascular disorders incurred or aggravated in line of duty.

**Commissioned Officers, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration:** A Commissioned Officer of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (formerly titled the Coast and Geodetic Survey and the Environmental Science Services Administration) with full-time duty on or after July 29, 1945. \*\*A Commissioned Officer who served before July 29, 1945, and, \*\*Was assigned to an area of immediate military hazard as determined by the Secretary of Defense while in time of war, or in a Presidentially declared national emergency; or, \*\*Served in the Philippine Islands on December 7, 1941, and continuously in such islands thereafter.

**Public Health Service:** A Commissioned Officer of the Regular or Reserve Corps of the Public Health Service who served on full-time duty on or after July 29, 1945. If the service of the particular Public Health Service Officer falls within the meaning of active duty for training, as defined in section 101(22), title 38, United States Code, he or she must have been disabled or died from a disease or injury incurred or aggravated in the line of duty. \*\*A Commissioned Officer of the Regular or Reserve Corps of the Public Health Service who performed full-time duty prior to July 29, 1945:

In time of war; \*\*On detail for duty with the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard; or, \*\*While the Service was part

of the military forces of the United States pursuant to Executive Order of the President. \*\*A Commissioned Officer serving on inactive duty training as defined in section 101(23), title 38, United States Code, whose death resulted from an injury incurred or aggravated in the line of duty.

**World War II Merchant Mariners:** United States Merchant Mariners with oceangoing service during the period of armed conflict, December 7, 1941, to December 31, 1946. Prior to the enactment of Public Law 105-368, United States Merchant Mariners with oceangoing service during the period of armed conflict of December 7, 1941, to August 15, 1945, were eligible. With enactment of Public Law 105-368, the service period is extended to December 31, 1946, for those dying on or after November 11, 1998. A DD-214 documenting this service may be obtained by submitting an application to Commandant (G-MVP-6), United States Coast Guard, 2100 2nd Street, SW, Washington, DC 20593. Notwithstanding, the Mariner's death must have occurred on or after the enactment of Public Law 105-368. \*\*United States Merchant Mariners who served on blockships in support of Operation Mulberry during World War II.

**The Philippine Armed Forces** Any Philippine veteran who was a citizen of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States at the time of their death; and resided in the United States at the time of their death; and, \*\*Was a person who served before July 1, 1946, in the organized military forces of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, while such forces were in the service of the Armed Forces of the United States pursuant to the military order of the President dated July 26, 1941, including organized guerilla forces under commanders appointed, designated, or subsequently recognized by the Commander in Chief, Southwest Pacific Area, or other competent authority in the Army of the United States, and who died on or after November 1, 2000; or, \*\*Was a person who enlisted between October 6, 1945, and June 30, 1947, with the Armed Forces of the United States with the consent of the Philippine government, pursuant to section 14 of the Armed Forces Voluntary Recruitment Act of 1945, and who died on or after December 16, 2003.

**Spouses and Dependents:** \*\*The spouse or surviving spouse of an eligible veteran is eligible for interment in a national cemetery even if that veteran is not buried or memorialized in a national cemetery. In addition, the spouse or surviving spouse of a member of the Armed Forces of the United States whose remains are unavailable for burial is also eligible for burial. \*\*The surviving spouse of an eligible veteran who had a subsequent remarriage to a non-veteran and whose death occurred on or after January 1, 2000, is eligible for burial in a national cemetery, based on his or her marriage to the eligible veteran. \*\*The minor children of an eligible veteran. For purpose of burial in a national cemetery, a minor child is a child who is unmarried and: \*\*Who is under 21 years of age; or, \*\*Who is under 23 years of age and pursuing a full-time course of instruction at an approved educational institution. \*\*The unmarried adult child of an eligible veteran. For purpose of burial in a national cemetery, an unmarried adult child is of any age but became permanently physically or mentally disabled and incapable of self-support before reaching 21 years of age, or before reaching 23 years of age if pursuing a full-time course of instruction at an approved educational institution. Proper supporting documentation must be provided.

**Others** Such other persons or classes of persons as designated by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs (38 U.S.C. A? 2402(6)) or the Secretary of Defense (Public Law 95-202, A? 401, and 38 CFR A? 3.7(x)).

**Persons NOT Eligible for Burial in a VA National Cemetery:** The following is a list of persons who are not eligible for VA Burial benefits: \*\***Former Spouses:** A former spouse of an eligible individual whose marriage to that individual has been terminated by annulment or divorce, if not otherwise eligible. \*\***Other Family Members:** Family members of an eligible person except those defined as eligible above.

**Disqualifying Characters of Discharge:** A person whose only separation from the Armed Forces was under dishonorable conditions or whose character of service results in a bar to veterans benefits.

**Discharge from Draft:** A person who was ordered to report to an induction station, but was not actually inducted into military service.

**Person Found Guilty of a Capital Crime:** Interment or memorialization in a VA cemetery or in Arlington National Cemetery is prohibited if a person is convicted of a Federal capital crime and sentenced to death or life imprisonment, or is convicted of a State capital crime, and sentenced to death or life imprisonment without parole. Federal officials are authorized to deny burial in veterans cemeteries to persons who are shown by clear and convincing evidence to have committed a Federal or State capital crime but were not convicted of such crime because of flight to avoid prosecution or by death prior to trial. The Secretary is authorized to provide aid to States for the establishment, expansion and/or improvement of veterans cemeteries on the condition that the State is willing to prohibit interment or memorialization in such cemeteries of individuals convicted of Federal or State capital crimes, or found by clear and convincing evidence to have committed such crimes, without having been convicted of the crimes due to flight to avoid prosecution or death prior to trial. (38 U.S.C. A? 2408(d)(2)). This prohibition is also extended to other burial benefits, including furnishing a Presidential Memorial Certificate, a burial flag, or a headstone or marker.

**Subversive Activities:** Any person convicted of subversive activities after September 1, 1959, shall have no right to burial in a national cemetery from and after the date of commission of such offense, based on periods of active military service commencing before the date of the commission of such offense, nor shall another person be entitled to burial on account of such an individual. Eligibility will be reinstated if the President of the United States grants a pardon.

**Active or Inactive Duty for Training:** A person whose only service is active duty for training or inactive duty training in the National Guard or Reserve Component, unless the individual meets the eligibility criteria listed above.

**Other Groups:** Members of groups whose service has been determined by the Secretary of the Air Force under the provisions of Public Law 95-202 as not warranting entitlement to benefits administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs.